

Organisation of European Cancer Institutes

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Official OECI Journal

In collaboration with



Giovanni Paolo II Cancer Centre

Proceedings published on a Special Issue of





Oncology Days

BARI 2019
GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCES
AND RELATED EVENTS

Bari, Italy June 19th-21st 2019 Hotel Nicolaus



Welcome of the OECI President

The 2019 Oncology Days in Bari are a unique opportunity for our 93 Members to learn about the progress made by the OECI in the last year. Together with the governing bodies and the management of the Grouping, I tried to outline a better definition of the precise role of the OECI, perform a better dissemination of our initiatives and their results, and implement all the organisational changes deemed necessary to the growth of the Grouping.

In order to favour the building of a European Cancer Mission Initiative, as foreseen by the European Commission as a new instrument to be adopted as part of Horizon Europe, we have tried to coordinate and rationalise our efforts and we are investing to re-create a better European spirit of collaboration in the cancer field also by defining a strategic alliance with Cancer Core Europe.

We will have respected the requests of society and of our patients only when the main cancer actors will move in the same direction and will define a common agenda to improve cancer control, and to answer to the expectations of the survivors.

The OECI decided to participate more visibly and actively as a group of organisations and not as a society or scientists in the initiatives of the European Cancer Organisation (ECCO) and to involve the IT in our core business: the adoption of better organisational practices to improve quality in education, research, care and rehabilitation in our centres.

The investment paid off, as our ISQua (The International Society for Quality in Health Care) certified Accreditation and Designation Programme (A&D) is now seen as the best European approach to certify a cancer centre and it has already been adopted by about 50% of our Members. At the same time, we reached a formal agreement with the European Academy of Cancer Sciences and with the Deutsche Krebshilfe looking to normalise the access to the Designation of Excellence that will certify quality in translational cancer research.

The collaboration with other cancer centres outside EU is now a reality. A first Russian Cancer Centre in Kazan is now involved in our A&D Programme. Other centres in Latin America are already joining our Organisation and demonstrated interest in our quality approach. Interactions with cancer centres in Lebanon and Jordan are under way and we hope to welcome soon new Members from those countries.

Our objectives in the coming years include attracting our Members to EU projects both in the Horizon 2020 calls and in the incoming Horizon Europe. We are trying to converge several topics into a common cancer Mission where the outputs coming from the best European research projects may find a practical exploitation also thanks to the involvement of private companies.

The OECI main strategic objective in the coming years will be to identify and perform initiatives that may help our network of Comprehensive Cancer Centres (CCCs) to adapt to the requirements of a multidisciplinary and personalised approach to patient care and to adopt precision medicine interventions but also to focus on early diagnosis and screening. This general direction is reflected by the reorganisation and modulation of our Working Groups, which are aligned to the main OECI objectives characterizing from now on our Organisation, giving us a precise identification in the European Framework.

We intend to appeal to more Institutes from the Countries that are already represented in the Organisation, as well as to attract those that have not been involved yet.

We will publish 3 position papers before the end of 2019. It is important for us to clarify & define what a CCC is and to explain that this transversal and multidisciplinary model could be found both in a historical cancer centre or in a new organisation within university hospitals.

It is also important to point out that clinical cancer centres (CICCs) are excellent care centres (equivalent to CCC) and explain the difference in research and access to innovation. Our third paper will focus on Network: a great number of cancer patients are not treated in a CCC, but they should be connected with a CCC by a clear Network including IT, guidelines, education and a multidisciplinary discussion of difficult cases.

The developments here briefly summarised have been made possible not thanks to an increased spending that might endanger the Organisation's financial safety, but to a larger involvement of the OECI staff, of various Member institutes and of individuals of good will. The reserves accumulated in the past years offer a guarantee to our Members but, when needed, will give us the opportunity to support all the new initiatives that are deemed indispensable for the growth of the Organisation.

However, in order to fulfil the ambitious objectives of my Presidency and if we want to obtain concrete recognition of the growing importance of the CCCs as the main infrastructures supporting at better a cancer care based on the uptake of the innovation and respecting the need to offer all cancer patients the best available treatments, a deeper and broader involvement of the Members is necessary.

I thank Istituto Giovanni Paolo II of Bari and all the other Italian Organisations, in primis Alleanza Contro il Cancro, that are supporting with generosity and professionality the Oncology Days 2019.

I hope to welcome in Bari all the Delegates of our Members as well as the Representatives of other European Cancer Societies and Organisations to Bari.



Cancer Institute "Giovanni Paolo II"

WELCOME TO BARI

The year 2019 marks the 41st Anniversary of the founding of the Organisation of European Cancer Institutes (OECI). Italy has been designated, after sixteen years, as the host country for OECI Oncology Days and Bari has been awarded the privilege of welcoming the prestigious event. It must be said that all is being achieved together with the collaboration and support of all the scientific directors of Italian oncological centres and with the fundamental support of Alliance Against Cancer.

The OECI 41st Anniversary is held in Bari, Italy, from June 19th to June 21st in collaboration with the Cancer Institute "Giovanni Paolo II".

The "2019 OECI Oncology Days" covers a range of topical issues in oncology. The aim of the OECI Scientific Conference "TACKLING TUMOR HETEROGENEITY: BIOLOGICAL, LABORATORY, CLINICAL AND REGULATORY IMPLICATIONS" is to provide a basis for suggesting joint actions which will focus on highlighting tumour heterogeneity among European institutions, even considering the pivotal role of the Cancer institute of Bari in the conduction of translational researches dedicated to the "precision medicine". The aim is the exchange of data and ideas regarding the difficulties and opportunities which will emerge from a thorough understanding of the impact of tumour heterogeneity in cancer treatment. We envision that this approach may provide ground to move to on to the next generation of cancer treatments, in which a dynamic clinical practice can provide timely adjustments of antineoplastic strategies.

During and after the conference, there will be time for the participants to relax and enjoy the surroundings. Bari is a charming city, with its origins going back 3500 years, before the Bronze Age. The City is easy to visit in that it is divided into three distinct areas: the historical centre, between the two ports, where you can steep in a centuries-old atmosphere where past domains can easily be recognized in the architecture and historical monuments; the "murattian" area with modern buildings, interesting and elegant shops and a beautiful seashore promenade; beyond the central railway station, the sprawling residential suburban area.

All who those involved in the organisation of this event hope that it will be highly successful.

On behalf of the Cancer Institute "Giovanni Paolo II" of Bari, we are looking forward to welcoming you to Bari.



Antonio Delvino General Director



Nicola Silvestris Scientific Director

Introduction to the OECI

The OECI is a non-governmental, non-profit Organisation founded in Vienna in 1979 and remodeled in 2005 into OECI-EEIG, a European Economic Interest Grouping.

Today, the OECI regroups 93 Members, which include some of the most prominent European Comprehensive Cancer Centres. Several major cancer centres from the Russian Federation, Turkey, Ukraine and Latin America are also members of our Organisation in order to benefit from our Accreditation and Designation Programme

The OECI aims to promote efficient partnership, reduce fragmentation and increase competitiveness amongst European cancer centres and institutes. This goal is being achieved by promoting and enhancing the concept of "comprehensiveness" and "multi-disciplinarity", supporting quality in cancer care and dynamically working in crosscut expertise by involving our Working Groups, our Members and promoting synergies with other cancer Organisations.

The OECI is currently geared towards creating a "network of cancer networks" where primary prevention, screening & early diagnosis, basic, translational & clinical research, collaboration for good practices with patients, biobanks and pathobiology, supportive and palliative care, cancer economics and centralising real-life cancer patient data are included. The above goal is part of the Presidential proposal of an OECI evolution that may better answer to the need to work on a European Cancer Mission within the incoming Framework Programme "Horizon Europe".

The OECI aim is to accelerate the application of multidisciplinary personalised care approaches, to reduce morbidity and to guarantee an equitable access to care to all cancer patients, avoiding the collapse of the National Health Systems all over Europe.

The dissemination of the OECI activities, reports, proceedings are publicised on the OECI website at http://www.oeci.eu and ecancermedicalscience, the Official OECI e-Journal at http://www.ecancer.org

The main OECI events are also announced on Cancerworld and on Tumori Journal.





ONE MORE REASON TO JOIN THE OECI IS CERTIFYING YOUR QUALITY IN ONCOLOGY!

The OECI Board



President Thierry Philip Paris, France



Past President Dominique de ValeriolaBrussels, Belgium



Executive Secretary José Maria Laranja Pontes Porto, Portugal



Treasurer
Manuel Llombart Fuertes
Valencia. Spain



Elected Member Carlos Caldas Cambridge, United Kingdom



Elected Member Gunnar Sæter Oslo, Norway



Elected Member József Lövey Budapest, Hungary



Elected Member Marien van der MeerAmsterdam, The Netherlands



Elected Member Giovanni Apolone Milan, Italy



OECI Director Claudio LombardoBrussels, Belgium - Genoa, Italy



OECI Central Office Guy Storme Brussels, Belgium

Accreditation and Designation Programme











Simon Oberst Cambridge, United Kingdom

Working Groups and Activity



Biobanks and Molecular Pathobiology Giorgio Stanta Trieste, Italy



Supportive and Palliative Care Tiina Hannele Saarto Helsinki, Finland



Cancer Economics and Benchmarking Wim H. van Harten Amsterdam, The Netherlands



Collaboration for Good Practices with Patients Dominique de Valeriola Brussels, Belgium



Cancer Outcomes Research Milena Sant Milan, Italy



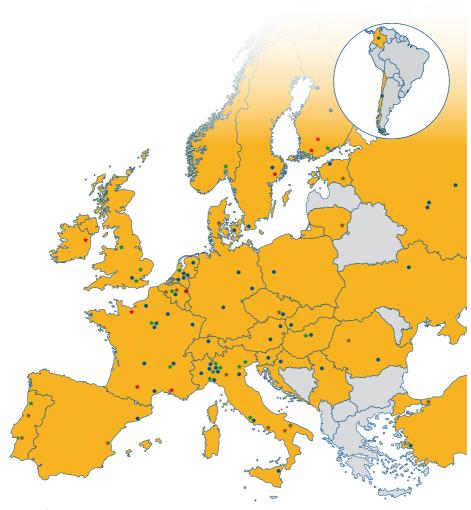
Communication and Dissemination Activity Gordon McVie Claudio Lombardo



THE OECI QUALITY NETWORK

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

The OECI Quality Network



- ★ OECI Members A&D certified Comprehensive Cancer Centre
- → OECI Members A&D certified Clinical Cancer Centre
- ★ OECI Members in the A&D process
- Other OECI Members

THE OECI MEMBERSHIP

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

The OECI membership

Austria

- Comprehensive Cancer Center Graz, Graz
- Comprehensive Cancer Center Vienna, Vienna

Belgio

- **★ Institut Jules Bordet (IJB)**, Brussels
- ★ Oncologisch Centrum UZBrussel, Brussels
- ★ AZ Groeninge, Kortrijk
- Institut Roi Albert II Cliniques universitaires Saint-Luc, Brussels

Chile

 Instituto Oncológico Fundación Arturo López Pérez (FALP), Santiago

Colombia

 Instituto Nacional de Cancerologia ESE, Bogotà

Croatia

 Klinika za tumore Klinicki bolnicki centar Sestre milosrdnice, Zagreb

Czech Republic

- * Masarykuv onkologický ústav, Brnŏ
- Institut biostatistiky a analýz Lékarská fakulta Masarykovy univerzity, Brno

Denmark

- ★ Vejle Sygehus-Patienternes Kræftsygehus, Vejle
- Kræftens Bekæmpelse Center for Kræftforskning, Copenhagen

Estonia

- ★ Sihtasutus Tartu Ülikooli Kliinikum, Tartu
- North Estonia Medical Centre, Tallin

Finland

- ★ HUS Syöpäkeskus Helsingin Yliopistollinen Sairaala, Helsinki
- ★ TYKS Syöpäkeskus Turun Yliopistollinen Sairaala, Turku
- ★ TAYS Syöpäkeskus Tampereen Yliopistollinen Sairaala, Tampere
- KYS Syöpäkeskus Kuopion Yliopistollinen Sairaala, Kuopio
- OYS Oulun Yliopistollinen Sairaala, Oulu

France

- * Centre Léon Bérard, Lyon
- **★ Institut Curie**, Paris
- ★ Institut Paoli Calmettes, Marseille
- ★ Institut Universitaire du Cancer de Toulouse-Oncopole, Toulouse
- ★ Centre François Baclesse, Caen

- Gustave Roussy, Villejuif
- Centre de Lutte Contre le Cancer Paul Strauss, Strasbourg
- Centre Jean Perrin, Clermont-Ferrand
- Institut du Cancer de Montpellier (ICM), Montpellier
- Institut Jean-Godinot, Reims
- Institut de cancérologie des Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon
- APHP-CARPEM Institute and Assistance Publique Hôpitaux de Paris APHP-IUC, Paris
- Centre Henri Becquerel, Rouen

Germany

- Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum (DKFZ), Heidelberg
- Universitäts KrebsCentrum Dresden, Dresden
- Charité Comprehensive Cancer Center, Berlin

Hungary

- * Országos Onkológiai Intézet, Budapest
- Országos Korányi TBC és Pulmonológiai Intézet, Budapest

Ireland

★ Trinity St. James's Cancer Institute, Dublin

Italy

- ★ Centro di Riferimento Oncologico, Istituto Nazionale Tumori, Aviano
- ★ IRCCS Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria San Martino - IST - Istituto Nazionale per la Ricerca sul Cancro, Genova
- * Istituto Europeo di Oncologia, Milano
- ★ Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Nazionale dei Tumori di Milano, Milano
- ★ Istituto Nazionale Tumori Regina Elena, Roma
- ★ Istituto Oncologico Veneto IRCCS-IOV, Padova
- ★ IRCCS Istituto Clinico Humanitas, Rozzano (Milano)
- ★ Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II, Istituto di Ricovero e Cura a Carattere Scientifico, Bari
- ★ Istituto Nazionale Tumori IRCCS "Fondazione G.Pascale" (INT-Pascale), Napoli
- ★ IRCCS, Centro di Riferimento Oncologico della Basilicata (CROB), Rionero in Vulture (Potenza)

- ★ Azienda Unità Sanitaria Locale di Reggio Emilia - IRCCS Istituto in Tecnologie Avanzate e Modelli Assistenziali in Oncologia, Reggio Emilia
- Ospedale S. Raffaele (OSR), Milano
- European School of Oncology (ESO), Milano
- Fondazione IFOM FIRC Institute of Molecular Oncology, Milano
- Istituto Scientifico Romagnolo per lo Studio e la Cura dei Tumori [IRST] IRCCS, Meldola (Forlì-Cesena)
- Istituto di Candiolo FPO-IRCCS, Candiolo (Torino)
- Istituto Oncologico del Mediterraneo (IOM), Viagrande (Catania)
- IRCCS Istituto di Ricerche Farmacologiche Mario Negri, Milano
- Ente Ospedaliero Ospedali Galliera, Genova
- Istituto Dermatologico S. Gallicano, Roma

Lithuania

★ National Cancer Institute, Vilnius

Norway

- ★ Oslo Universitetssykehus (OUS), Oslo Poland
- Wielkopolskie Centrum Onkologii, Poznań

Portugal

- ★ Instituto Português de Oncologia do Porto Francisco Gentil, E.P.E. (IPO-Porto), Porto
- ★ İnstituto Português de Oncologia de Lisboa Francisco Gentil, E.P.E. (IPO-Lisboa), Lisbon
- ★ Instituto Português de Oncologia de Coimbra Francisco Gentil, E.P.E. (IPO-Coimbra), Coimbra

Romania

- ★ The "Prof. Dr. Ion Chiricuta" Institute of Oncology (IOCN), Cluj-Napoca
- SC RTC Radiology Therapeutic Center Amethyst Radiotherapy, Otopeni

Russia Federation

- Tatarstan Cancer Center "TCC", Kazan
- N.N. Blokhin Russian Cancer Research Centre, Moscow
- National Medical Research Radiological Centre (NMRRC), Moscow

Serbia

 Oncology Institute of Vojvodina, Sremska Kamenica

Slovakia

 Ústav experimentálnej onkológie SAV, Bratislava

Slovenia

- Onkološki Inštitut Ljubljana, Ljubljana Spain
- ★ Fundación Instituto Valenciano de Oncología IVO, Valencia
- Institut Català d'Oncologia ICO, L'Hospitalet de Llobregat (Barcelona)

Sweden

- ★ Karolinska Institute and University Hospital, Stockholm
- Skånes Universitetssjukhus, Lund
- Uppsala University Hospital, Uppsala

Switzerland

 Comprehensive Cancer Center Zürich (CCCZ), Zürich

The Netherlands

- * Netherlands Cancer Institute. Amsterdam
- ★ Maastricht University Medical Centre, Maastricht
- Erasmus MC Cancer Institute, Rotterdam
- IKNL Integraal Kankercentrum Nederland, Utrecht
- Radboudumc Centrum voor Oncologie, Nijmegen
- Rijnstate, Arnhem
- University Medical Center Groningen Comprehensive Cancer Center (UMCG-CCC), Groningen

Turkey

- * Anadolu Sağlik Merkezi, Kocaeli
- Dokuz Eylül Üniversitesi Onkoloji Enstitüsü, İzmir

Ukraine

 RE Kavetsky Institute of Experimental Pathology, Oncology and Radiobiology of National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (IEPOR), Kjiv

United Kingdom

- **★ The Christie NHS Foundation Trust**, Manchester
- **★ Cambridge Cancer Centre**, Cambridge
- ★ King's Health Partners Integrated Cancer Centre. London
- Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust, I ondon

STITUTO TUMORI GIOVANNI PAOLO II

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II, Istituto di Ricovero e Cura a Carattere Scientifico



National Clinical Research Cancer Centre, Cancer Institute Giovanni Paolo II

www.oncologico.bari.it

Director's foreword

The Institutional responsibility of the Istituto Tumori of Bari, directly depending on regional NHS and the Ministry of Health, is to develop Translational Cancer Research to guarantee innovation in all fields of cancer care.

Description of the Centre and history

The Istituto Tumori of Bari has been recognised as National Clinical Research Centre in 1985. From 2011, it has been located in a new definitive building where all the modern and innovative clinical, technological and laboratory facilities are available. It has 85 beds dedicated to solid and haemotological cancers, 3 surgery halls, 1 hybrid surgery hall, 1 stereotactic RT surgery hall, all diagnostic technologies, a complete radiotherapy pathway (2 LINAC, 1 IORT, IMRT, Arc-Therapy, etc).

Main research activities

The Institute is characterized by a strong research environment only addressed to Translational Research in Oncology. A clinical Trial Unit is taking care of about 100 clinical trials concerning: new drugs in phase HV studies, interventional radiology, new surgical approaches (H&N, GI, Breast,



ISTITUTO TUMORI GIOVANNI PAOLO

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS





Clinical Cancer Center

Issued on: 12 February 2015 Validity date: 12 February 2020



Gynecology), new RT procedures. Moreover, thanks to the availability of research laboratories for cellular therapies (GMP facility), pre-clinical drug development, functional biomorphology, genetics, proteomics, metabolomics the search for new biomolecular factor of clinical relevance is intensive and productive (IF>500 points in 2012). New Projects concerning genetic risk factors, early diagnosis biomarkers, predictive and prognostic indicators are ongoing. The Institute has several responsibilities at regional level and, among them, it is the coordinator of the Regional Tumour Registry, hub of the Regional Oncological Net, reference Biobank for Region of Puglia.

Core Facilities

The clinical research is based on a Clinical Trial Unit directly managed by the Scientific Direction. New drug studies are supported in specific by a GLP Pharmacy Unit, a pre-clinical/clinical drug laboratory, a GMP laboratory for therapeutic cellular approaches, a molecular pathology laboratory.

In vitro research is performed in laboratories (pre-clinical drug development, functional biomorphology, genetics, proteomics, metabolomics) where NGS, Tissue microarrays, omics approaches and bioinformatic tools are available. The Institute has his own Biobank storing consecutive series of liquid and solid biological tissues. Within the Institute, the Regional Tumour Registry collecting data of a population of 4 million of subjects is located.

Education

Education is provided to everyone in the framework of the CME, for which the Institute has been recognised as official provider. Events organised directly by the Institute are addressed to educational needs of physicians, researchers, nurses, psychologists, supportive disciplines.

Hybrid Operation Room at the NCI of Bari



Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II, Istituto di Ricovero e Cura a Carattere Scientifico

Viale O. Flacco, 65 70124 Bari Italy

General Director: Prof. **Antonio Delvino** Scientific Director (acting): Prof. **Nicola Silvestris**

OECI contact persons: Prof. **Attilio Guarini** Director of Haematology Unit

Prof. **Angelo Paradiso** Director of Experimental Oncology

Whole Programme - Timetable

	18 June 2019	19 June 2019	19 June 2019
MORNING		Pathology Day Morning Session Franco Rilke Conference Hall	OECI Patient Day Morning Session Nicolaj Napalkov Conference Hall
		Lunch	Lunch
AFTERNOON	Board & Extended Board meetings 15.00 – 19.00 Restricted to Board & Extended Board Members Pino Cascinelli Meeting Room	Pathology Day Afternoon Session Franco Rilke Conference Hall	OECI Patient Day Afternoon Session Nicolaj Napalkov Conference Hall
VENING	Board and Pathology Dinner Buffeet at the Nicolaus Hotel Restaurant	Concert at the Basilica of Saint Nicholas followed by Welcome of the Regional and City Hall Authorities and Cocktail at the Castello Svevo	

GENERAL TIMETABLE

Whole Programme - Timetable

20 June 2019	20June 2019	21 June 2019	
Scientific Conference Tackling tumor heterogeneity: Biological, Laboratory, Clinical and Regulatory Implications Session 1 Session 2 Thomas Tursz Conference Hall		OECI General Assembly 2019 8.00 – 13.00 Restricted to OECI Member Legal Representatives or their Delegates Umberto Veronesi Conference Hall	MORNING
	Lunch	Lunch	
Scientific Conference Tackling tumor heterogeneity: Biological, Laboratory, Clinical and Regulatory Implications Session 3 Thomas Tursz Conference Hall Accreditation & Designation Session Thomas Tursz Conference Hall	Accreditation & Designation Board Meeting Pino Cascinelli Meeting Room	Departure for the Sightseeing Tour: "Matera European City of Culture 2019" Fee 90 Euros - all included - Reservation needed before April 30th	AFTERNOON
	Dinner o a Mare		EVENING

OECI Pathology Day Molecular pathology in aggressive type of tumors

June 19th
Hotel Nicolaus

Franco Rilke Conference Hall

00.20	Dogiotrotion
09:30	Registration

- 10.00 MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY IN AGGRESSIVE TYPE OF TUMOURS Chairs: Giorgio Stanta, Olli Carpen
- 10.00 Introduction to the meeting Giorgio Stanta
- 10.15 Molecular pathology of high-grade serous ovary carcinoma Olli Carpen
- 10.35 Molecular pathology of Aggressive types of mammary cancer Caterina Marchiò
- 11.55 Lung cancer molecular evaluation Reinhard Buettner
- 11.15 Molecular pathology of malignant gliomas
 Dominique Figarella-Branger
- 11.35 Aggressive pediatric tumours Leos Kren
- 12.30 General discussion
- 12.30 The European Commission Initiative on Breast Cancer: how to reach uniform European quality standards Luciana Neamtiu
- 13.30 Lunch
- 14.30 PROPOSALS FOR NETWORK PROJECTS

Chairs: Dominique Figarella-Branger, Dalibor Valik

- 14.30 A proposal for a OECI network for aggressive pediatric tumours Dalibor Valik
- 15.15 A proposal for a OECI network for glioblastoma Sieger Leenstra
- 16.00 Discussant Denis Lacombe
- 16.30 Coffee break
- 17.00 ROUNDTABLE: THE OECI ITALIAN INSTITUTIONS NETWORK ALLIANCE AGAINST CANCER (ACC), A COUNTRY-BASED MODEL

Chairs: Ruggero De Maria, Antonio Federici Participants:

- 17.00 What is ACC? Paolo De Paoli
- 17.20 ACC Biobanking System Angelo Paradiso
- 17.40 Organization of ACC activities: the Working groups Pier Giuseppe Pelicci
- 18.00 Preliminary results Gennaro Ciliberto
- 18.20 How important is the pathologist involvement Alfredo Zito
- 18.40 Discussants

Anna Sapino and Gunnar Sæter

OECI Patient Day

The increased awareness and interest of OECI members to involve patients in the OECI actions and the need to define practical protocols to support the requests coming from survivors, triggered the OECI to launch for the first time a "2019 OECI Patient Day", that will be organised in collaboration with the European Cancer Patients Coalition and other interested cancer and patient organisations.

June 19th
Hotel Nicolaus

Nicolaj Napalkov Conference Hall

As stated by the European Commission: "there is a growing body of evidence showing that patient-stakeholder involvement at key decision points can drive better innovation and process efficiency and quality".

Many initiatives have recently started by OECI to more deeply involve the patient in the organisation and redefinition of care, research and education activities in cancer centres.

The OECI is supporting actions that bring the patient to the table and take into account our aims to reduce inequalities between patients throughout Europe, restrain cancer costs and integrate palliative and supportive care needs.

The OECI Patient Day represents an opportunity to advance patient engagement and make it more obvious, meaningful, systematic and effective.

- 08.30 Welcome
- 09.00 Session 1: Patient Involvement: What's in a Name?
 Dominique de Valeriola
- 09.30 Session 2: When Patients Improve Care Chair: Ineke Middeveldt
 - + 2 presentations
- 10.30 Coffee Break
- 11.00 Session 3: Reshaping Research through Patient Involvement Chair: Patrick Miqueu

+ 2 presentations

12.00 **Session 4: Supporting Cancer Survivors**

Chairs: Francesco De Lorenzo and Ivana Truccolo

- 13.00 Lunch
- 14.00 Session 5: Assessing the Quality of Patient Involvement

Chair: **Jozsef Lovey** + 2 presentations

15.00 **Session 6: 360° Wrap-up**

All attendees

- 15.30 Coffee Break
- 16.00 CGPP Working Group Meeting

SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

Scientific Conference

Tackling tumor heterogeneity: Biological, Laboratory, Clinical and Regulatory Implications

June 20th
Hotel Nicolaus

Thomas Tursz Conference Hall

08,30 Welcome from authorities

Michele Emiliano, President Puglia Region Antonio Felice Uricchio, Rector of University of Bari Thierry Philip, President Organisation of the European Cancer Institutes Giovanni Leonardi, Director General Research Italian Ministry of Health Ruggero De Maria, President of Alleanza Contro il Cancro Stefania Gori, President of Associazione Italiana di Oncologia Medica

Plenary Lecture

Tumor clinical heterogeneity: state of the art Christian Rolfo

09.30 1st Session

BIOLOGICAL HETEROGENEITY

Moderators: Gennaro Ciliberto, Antonio Llombart Bosch

09.30 Molecular - ctDNA-target therapy Christopher Abbosh

10.00 Personalised cancer medicine:
consistency and reproducibility of next generation sequecing

10.30 The heterogeneity of tumor microenvironment in aggressive lymphomas: the model of DLBCL Sabino Ciavarella

11.00 Coffee break

11,30 **2**nd **Session**

PHASE I CLINICAL, MASTER PROTOCOLS AND REGULATORY APPROACHES

Moderators: Stefano Cascinu, József Lovey

11.30 Opportunities and challenges of early phase clinical study Johann de Bono

12.00 Master Protocols in Oncology: a new cancer treatment paradigm Emile Voest

12.30 Access to innovative and expensive cancer drugs in Europe: patents, coverage and affordability
Wim H. van Harten

13.00 Coffee break

14.00 3rd Session

ROLE OF NATIONAL AND EUROPEAN NETWORKS

Moderators: Giovanni Apolone and Dominique de Valeriola

14.00 Data sharing in the era of precision medicine: European commitment Denis Lacombe

ACCREDITATION AND DESIGNATION

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

Scientific Conference

Tackling tumor heterogeneity: Biological, Laboratory, Clinical and Regulatory Implications

June 20th
Hotel Nicolaus

Thomas Tursz Conference Hall

- 14.30 The most farsightedview in oncology: European Cancer Mission Thierry Philip
- 15.00 ACC: the Italian network of cancer centres bridging research and care Paolo De Paoli
 The South Italian cancer network
 Andrea Urbani
- 15.30 Coffee break

USING QUALITY SYSTEMS AND COMPREHENSIVENESS TO IMPROVE PATIENT OUTCOMES AND EXPERIENCE

Accreditation & Designation Session

USING QUALITY SYSTEMS AND COMPREHENSIVENESS TO IMPROVE PATIENT OUTCOMES AND EXPERIENCE

June 20th

Hotel Nicolaus

Thomas Tursz Conference Hall

16.00-18.00 Session led by the Accreditation and Designation Team of OECI

Comprehensiveness and Networks have become buzzwords in the European Cancer Community. But what do we mean by these terms? There are a plethora of initiatives in Europe tackling these issues, and we now have magnified potential to collect all types of data from our Centres, Health Care Providers and Research Institutes. But how do we ensure that these data and benchmarks are real indicators of quality outcomes for patients and their experience? How do we encourage trans-organ team learning and institutional quality systems? What are the true dimensions of comprehensiveness? What makes a great Cancer Network?

The OECI Accreditation and Designation Team has 10 years of experience of on the ground Peer Reviews of Cancer Centres and research, care and education for cancer patients. We will share some of this experience and data with you, and invite your input. We will share with you where our revision of the standards has got to, and invite your contributions to that process. We will talk about our proposals for accrediting Cancer Networks. We will discuss the relationship between accreditation of tumour-specific teams and the whole Cancer Centre. And we will show how we propose to reduce the burden on centres who go through re-accreditation every 5 years with OECI.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

<mark>oeci2019</mark> oncology days

General Assembly General Assembly



June 21st **Hotel Nicolaus**

Umberto Veronesi Conference Hall

08.00 Registration

08.15 General Assembly Constitution, welcome and approval of the Agenda Thierry Philip

08.30 Session 1: Administrative and financial matters

Chairperson: Thierry Philip

Point 1: Approval of June 22nd - 2018 General Assembly Minutes

(vote requested - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present or represented)

Thierry Philip

Point 2: Approval of the Financial Statement 2018 and discharge to the Board

(vote requested - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present or represented)

José Larania Pontes

Point 3: OECI 2019 and 2020 Provisional Budgets

(vote requested - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present of represented –only for Provisional 2019) Manuel Llombart Fuertes

Point 4: Proposal of modification of the Article 6.1 Full Members, and of the Article 7.2a - Board and its composition

(vote requested - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present or represented)

Thierry Philip

Point 5: OECI Board composition for the coming years

(vote requested - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present or represented)

Thierry Philip

Point 6: Working Groups Rules of Engagement

(vote not requested) **Thierry Philip**

Point 7: Membership - New applications and requests of resignation

Claudio Lombardo

(vote requested for full membership - decision to be taken by unanimity of the OECI Full Members present or represented; for associate membership - decision to be taken by simple majority of the OECI Full Members present or represented)

Point 8: Oncology Days Helsinki 2020, and for the coming years

Thierry Philip, Johanna Mattson

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

General Assembly GEC 41



June 21st **Hotel Nicolaus**

Umberto Veronesi Conference Hall

Thomas Tursz Memorial Lecture A journey begun in 2002

Mahasti Saghatchian

CEREMONY FOR THE DELIVERY OF THE OECI A&D **RECOGNITION AND A&D CERTIFICATES 2018-2019**

Thierry Philip - Simon Oberst

list to be announced

10.45 Coffee break

11.00 **Session 2**:

The OECI European Cancer Mission, the A&D Programme and the Working Groups

Chairperson: Thierry Philip

The European Cancer Mission

Thierry Philip

Accreditation & Designation Programme

Simon Oberst

Collaboration for good practices with patients WG

Dominique de Valeriola

Biobanks and molecular pathobiology WG

Giorgio Stanta

Health economics and benchmarking WG

Wim H. van Harten

Cancer outcomes research WG

Milena Sant

Supportive and palliative care WG

Tiina Saarto

Closure of the 2019 General Assembly

Thierry Philip

13.00 Lunch

List of invited speakers and moderators

Abbosh Christopher

Cancer Research Lung Cancer Centre of Excellence London and Manchester, University College London Cancer Institute Paul O'Gorman, United Kingdom

Apolone Giovanni

Fondazione Istituto Nazionale Tumori Milano, Italy

Belting Mattias

Lund University, Sweden

Buettner Reinhard

University Hospital Cologne, Germany

Carpen Olli

University of Helsinki, Finland

Cascinu Stefano

University Hospital of Modena, Italy

Ciavarella Sabino

Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II Bari, Italy

Ciliberto Gennaro

Istituto Regina Elena Roma, Italy

De Bono Johann

Institute of Cancer Research and Royal Marsden London, United Kingdom

Delfino Antonio

Istituto tumori Giovanni Paolo II Bari, Italy

De Lorenzo Francesco

ECPC Roma, Italy

De Maria Ruggero

Alleanza Contro il Cancro Policlinico Gemelli, Roma, Italy

De Paoli Paolo

Alleanza Contro il Cancro, Italy

de Valeriola Dominique

Institut Jules Bordet, Brussels

Emiliano Michele

Puglia Region, Italy

Federici Antonio

Italian Ministry of Health, Roma, Italy

Figarella-Branger Dominique

CRB du CHU de la Timone, Marseille, France

Gori Stefania

Italian Association of Medical Oncology, Italy

Kren Leos

Masarykova University Brno, Czech Republic

Lacombe Denis

EORTC Brussels, Belgium

Leenstra Sieger

University Medical Centre Rotterdam, The Netherlands

Leonardi Giovanni

Italian Ministry of Health, Roma, Italy

Llombart Bosch Antonio

Fundation Instituto Valenciano de Oncologia, Spain

Llombart Fuertes Manuel

Fundation Instituto Valenciano de Oncologia, Spain

Lombardo Claudio

OECI, Brussels, Belgium

Lövev József

National Institute of Oncology Budapest, Hungary

Marchiò Caterina

University of Torino, Italy

Mattson Johanna

Helsinky Comprehensive cancer Centre, Finland

Middelveldt Ineke

Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen, The Netherlands

JIST OF INVITED SPEAKERS AND MODERATORS

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

List of invited speakers and moderators

Miqueu Patrick

Institut Jules Bordet, Belgium

Neamtiu Luciana

Ispra, Italy

Oberst Simon

Cambridge Cancer Centre (CRUK), United Kingdom

Paradiso Angelo

Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II Bari, Italy

Pelicci Giuseppe

Istituto Europeo di Oncologia Milano, Italy

Philip Thierry

Institut Curie, Paris, France

Rolfo Christian

University of Maryland Marlene and Stewart Greenebaum CCC, USA

Saarto Tiina Hannele

HYKS Syöpäkeskus Helsinki University, Finland

Sæter Gunnar

Oslo University, Norway

Saghatchian Mahasti

Institut Gustave Roussy, Paris, France

Sant Milena

Fondazione IRCCS-Istituto Nazionale Tumori Milano, Italy

Sapino Anna

Candiolo Cancer Centre, University of Torino, Italy

Scarpa Aldo

University and Hospital Trust of Verona, Italy

Silvestris Nicola

Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II Bari, Italy

Stanta Giorgio

University of Trieste, Italy

Truccolo Ivana

Centro di Riferimento Oncologico di Aviano, Italy

Andrea Urbani

Italian Ministry of Health, Roma, Italy

Uricchio Antonio Felice

University of Bari, Italy

Valik Dalibor

Masaryk Memorial Cancer Institute Brno, Czech Republic

van Harten Wim H.

Rijnstate Hospital Arnhem, The Netherlands

Voest Emile

Netherlands Cancer Institute Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Zito Alfredo

Istituto Tumori Giovanni Paolo II Bari, Italy

DEVELOPING THE FUTURE IN COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CARE

The Venue

The Nicolaus Hotel ****

Via Cardinale Agostino Ciasca, 27 - 70124 Bari - Puglia - Italy

Tel.: +39 080 568 21 11 Fax: +39 080 504 20 58

Reservations: info@nicolaushotel.com https://www.thenicolaushotel.com/

Distances

Central Station - 10 minutes (3 km) City Centre - 10 minutes (4 km) Highway A14 - 5 minutes (6 km) Bari Airport - 15 minutes (12 km)

HOTEL	Twin as Single (B&B)	Double (B&B)
The Nicolaus Hotel **** Congress venue www.thenicolaushotel.com	€ 138,00	€ 158,00
Hi Hotel **** 10 min. walking distance iwww.hihotelbari.com	€130,0	€ 150,00
Rondò Hotel *** 20 min. walking distance www.rondohotel.it	€ 98,00	€ 118,00
Hotel Excelsior **** 30 min. walking distance www.excelsiorbari.it	€ 98,00	€ 108,00
Grand Hotel Leon D'Oro **** 35 min. walking distance (near railway station) www.leondorograndhotel.it	€ 100,00	€ 130,00

TO PROCEED WITH THE HOTEL RESERVATION PLEASE FILL-IN THE HOTEL BOOKING FORM AT https://oeci.eu/Assembly.aspx



GENERAL INFORMATION

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS

General information

Bari is the capital city of the Apulia region, on the Adriatic Sea, in southern Italy. It is the second most important economic centre of mainland Southern Italy after Naples, a port and university city, as well as the city of Saint Nicholas. The city itself has a population of 326,799, as of 2015. Bari is made up of four different urban sections. In the north you can find the closely built old town on the peninsula between two modern harbours, with the Basilica of Saint Nicholas, the Cathedral of San Sabino (1035–1171) and the Hohenstaufen Castle built for Frederick II, which is now also a major nightlife district. In the south you can find the Murat quarter (erected by Joachim Murat), the modern heart of the city, which is laid out on a rectangular grid-plan with a promenade on the sea and the major shopping district (the via Sparano and via Argiro).

Transport

Bari has its own airport, Bari Karol Wojtyła Airport, which is located 10 km north-west from the centre of Bari. It is connected to the centre by train services from Bari Airport railway station.

The Bus N.16 connects also the airport to the City. The cost of the ticket is 1.50 Euros and the trip last 30 minutes.

It is also possible to use the airport shuttle, more expensive but faster than the regular bus.

The cost of a taxi to the city centre is about 25 Euros.

The Bari Central Station is connected to cities such as Rome, Milan, Bologna, Turin and Venice. Regional services also operate to Foggia, Barletta, Brindisi, Lecce, Taranto and other towns and villages in the Apulia region.

Climate

Bari lies in a very stable temperate zone with a very hot summertime. The hottest months are July and August (when temperatures exceed 30 °C). The average temperature in June is between 19 °C and 23 °C without rain.

Currency

The Italian currency is Euro. The majority of shops and restaurants accept credit cards. The most popular are VISA, MasterCard, Maestro, American Express and Diners.

Health & Emergency

In case of emergency, dial $112\ \text{as}$ a general number that may redirect to all the other emergencies .

Police: 113, Emergency Room: 118.

History

The city was probably founded by the Peucetii. Once it passed under Roman rule in the 3rd century BC, it developed strategic significance as the point of junction between the coast road and the Via Traiana and as a port for eastward trade; a branch road to Tarentum led from Barium. Its harbour, mentioned as early as 181 BC, was probably the principal one of the districts in ancient times, as it is at present, and was the centre of a fishery. The first historical bishop of Bari was Gervasius who was noted at the Council of Sardica in 347. The bishops were dependent on the Patriarch of Constantinople until the 10th century.

Middle Age

After the devastations of the Gothic Wars, under Longobard rule a set of written regulations was established, the Consuetudines Barenses, which influenced similar written constitutions in other southern cities.

Until the arrival of the Normans, Bari continued to be governed by the Longobards and Byzantines, with only occasional interruption. Throughout this period, and indeed throughout the Middle Ages, Bari served as one of the major slave depots of the Mediterranean, providing a central location for the trade in Slavic slaves. The slaves were mostly captured by Venice from Dalmatia, the Holy Roman Empire from what is now Prussia and Poland, and the Byzantines from elsewhere in the Balkans, and were generally destined for other parts of the Byzantine Empire and (most frequently) the Muslim states surrounding the Mediterranean: the Abbasid Caliphate, the Umayyad Caliphate of Córdoba, the Emirate of Sicily, and the Fatimid Caliphate. For 20 years, Bari was the centre of the Emirate of Bari; the city was captured by its first emirs Kalfun in 847, who had been part of the mercenary garrison installed there by Radelchis I of Benevento. The city was conquered and the Emirate extinguished in 871, due to the efforts of Emperor Louis II and a Byzantine fleet. Chris Wickham states Louis spent five years campaigning to reduce then occupy Bari, "and then only to a Byzantine/Slav naval blockade"; "Louis took the credit" for the success, adding "at least in Frankish eyes", then concludes by noting that by remaining in southern Italy long after this success, he "achieved the near-impossible: an alliance against him of the Beneventans, Salernitans, Neapolitans and Spoletans; later sources include Sawad n as well." In 885, Bari became the residence of the local Byzantine catapan, or governor. The failed revolt (1009–1011) of the Lombard nobles Melus of Bari and his brother-in-law Dattus. against the Byzantine governorate, though it was firmly repressed at the Battle of Cannae (1018), offered their Norman adventurer allies a first foothold in the region. In 1025, under the Archbishop Byzantius, Bari became attached to the see of Rome and was granted "provincial" status.

In 1071, Bari was captured by Robert Guiscard, following a three-year siege. Maio of Bari (died 1160), a Lombard merchant's son, was the third of the great admirals of Norman Sicily. The Basilica di San Nicola was founded in 1087 to receive the relics of this saint, which were surreptitiously brought from Myra in Lycia, in Byzantine territory. The saint began his development from Saint Nicholas of Myra into Saint Nicholas of Bari and began to attract pilgrims, whose encouragement and care became central to the economy of Bari. In 1095 Peter the Hermit preached the first crusade there. In October 1098, Urban II, who had consecrated the Basilica in 1089, convened the Council of Bari, one of a series of synods convoked with the intention of reconciling the Greeks and Latins on the question of the filioque clause in the Creed, which Anselm ably defended, seated at the pope's side. The Greeks were not brought over to the Latin way of thinking, and the Great Schism was

inevitable.

A civil war broke out in Bari in 1117 with the murder of the archbishop, Riso. Control of Bari was seized by Grimoald Alferanites, a native Lombard, and he was elected lord in opposition to the Normans. By 1123, he had increased ties with Byzantium and Venice and taken the title gratia Dei et beati Nikolai barensis princeps. Grimoald increased the cult of Saint Nicholas in his city. He later did homage to Roger II of Sicily, but rebelled and was defeated in 1132.

Bari was occupied by Manuel I Komnenos between 1155 and 1158. In 1246, Bari was sacked and razed to the ground; Frederick II, Holy Roman Emperor and King of Sicily, repaired the fortress of Baris but it was subsequently destroyed several times. Bari recovered each time.

Early modern period

Isabella d'Aragona, princess of Naples and widow of the Duke Gian Galeazzo Sforza of Milan, enlarged the castle, which she made her residence, 1499–1524. After the death of Queen Bona Sforza, of Poland, Bari came to be included in the Kingdom of Naples and its history contracted to a local one, as malaria became endemic in the region. Bari was awakened from its provincial somnolence by Napoleon's brother-in-law Joachim Murat. As Napoleonic King of Naples, Murat ordered the building in 1808 of a new section of the city, laid out on a rationalist grid plan, which bears his name today as the Murattiano. Under this stimulus, Bari developed into the most important port city of the region. The legacy of Mussolini can be seen in the imposing architecture along the seafront.



3ari_Panorama Photo Carlo Elmiro Bevilacqua

Tourist attractions

Basilica of Saint Nicholas

The Basilica di San Nicola (Saint Nicholas) was founded in 1087 to receive the relics of this saint, which were brought from Myra in Lycia, and now lie beneath the altar in the crypt, where are buried the Topins, which are a legacy of old thieves converted to good faith. The church is one of the four Palatine churches of Apulia.

Bari Cathedral

Bari Cathedral, dedicated to Saint Sabinus of Canosa (San Sabino), was begun in Byzantine style in 1034, but was destroyed in the sack of the city of 1156. A new building was thus built between 1170 and 1178, partially inspired by that of *San Nicola*. Of the original edifice, only traces of the pavement are today visible in the transept.

An example of Apulian Romanesque architecture, the church has a simple Romanesque façade with three portals; in the upper part is a rose window decorated with monstruous and fantasy figures. The interior has a nave and two aisles, divided by sixteen columns with arcades. The crypt houses the relics of Saint Sabinus and the icon of the Madonna Odigitria.

The interior and the façade were redecorated in Baroque style during the 18th century, but these additions were removed in a 1950s restoration.

Petruzzelli Theatre

The Petruzzelli Theatre, founded in 1903, hosted different forms of live entertainment, or nineteenth century "Politeama". The theatre was all but destroyed in a fire on October 27th, 1991. It was reopened in October 2009, after 18 years.

Swabian Castle

The Norman-Hohenstaufen Castle, widely known as the Castello Svevo (Swabian Castle), was built by Roger II of Sicily around 1131. Destroyed in 1156, it was rebuilt by Frederick II of Hohenstaufen. The castle now serves as a gallery for a variety of temporary exhibitions in the city.

Pinacoteca Provinciale di Bari

The Pinacoteca Provinciale di Bari (Provincial Picture Gallery of Bari) is the most important art gallery in Apulia. It was first established in 1928 and contains many paintings from the 15^{th} century up to the days of contemporary art.

The Russian Church

The Russian Church, in the Carrassi district of Bari, was built in the early 20th century to welcome Russian pilgrims who came to the city to visit the church of Saint Nicholas in the old city where the relics of the saint remain.

Barivecchia

Old Bari, is a sprawl of streets and passageways making up the section of the city to the north of the modern Murat area. Barivecchia was until fairly recently considered a nogo area by many of Bari's residents due to the high levels of petty crime. A large-scale redevelopment plan began with a new sewerage system, followed by the development of the two main squares, Piazza Mercantile and Piazza Ferrarese.

TOURIST ATTRACTIONS

OECI2019 ONCOLOGY DAYS





- 1. Chiesa di Santa Scolastica
- 2 Museo Storico
- 3. Chiesa di San Gregorio
- 4. Chiesa di Santa Chiara
- 5. Chiesa di San Giovanni
- 6 Basilica di San Nicola
- 7. Chiesa di San Marco dei Veneziani 8. Chiesa del Carmine
- 9 Chiesa di San Giacomo
- 10. Cattedrale di San Sabino 11. Chiesa di San Gaetano
- 12 -Chiesa del Gesi
- 13. Chiesa di Santa Anna
- 14. Chiesa di Santa teresa dei Maschi
- 15 . Chiesa della Vallisa
- 16. Castello Svevo-Normanno
- 17 . Palazzo del Governo
- 18 Fortino di S. Antonio Abate
- 19. Teatro Margherita

- 20. Teatro Piccinni
- 21 . Chiesa di San Ferdinando
- 22. Teatro Petruzzelli
- 23. Palazzo Acquedotto Pugliese
- 24 Palazzo della Provincia di Bari
- 25 Palazzo della Presidenza Regione Puglia
- 26 . Palazzo di Giustizia
- 27 . Chiesa Redentore
- 28. Fiera del Levante
- 29 Arena della Vittoria
- 30 Inaresso Porto
- 31. Chiesa Russa



tourist information



basilica / basilica



chiesa / church



castello - torre



palazzo / palace

museo / museum

teatro/theatre

porto / seaport

stazione / train station

giardino - parco / park



spiaggia / beach



parcheggio / parking

Sightseeing Tour Friday June 21st

Matera European City of Culture 2019

A daily tour to Matera will take place on Friday 21st afternoon after the OECI General Assembly 2019.

Departure at 2.00 PM by bus from Nicolaus Hotel. Transfer to Matera and guided visit of the "Sassi di Matera". Dinner in a typical restaurant and back to the Nicolaus hotel by bus.

A fee of 90 Euros, including bus, guided tour and dinner must be paid locally. The registration is mandatory on the Scientific and Social Events Form at: https://oeci.eu/Assembly.aspx

Matera, located in the Southern Italian region of Basilicata has been awarded the title of the 2019 European Capital of Culture.

For over 9,000 years people have lived in Matera. The Romans founded the city in the third century BC. From its beginning, people inhabited "Sassi" in Matera. Sassi are buildings and caves carved from stone and cliffs. The roof of one building is often the floor of another.

The ancient city of Matera is steeped in history and is home to the famous Sassi, a designated UNESCO World Heritage Site. While part of the town spreads out across the Murgia Plateau, the famed Sassi comprises cave dwellings and rock churches built on and dug into the sides of the Gravina Gorge which drops dramatically away beneath it. The cave dwellings of the Sassi are the most extensive example of their kind in the Mediterranean.

Life in Matera in the past

Families of as many as 10 people and their animals would live together in one of the cave structures. The residents did devise a system of rainwater channels and cisterns dug beneath homes. It was in part this ingenious water system that earned Matera a place on **Unesco's World Heritage** list in 1993.

Life in Matera now

Matera was deserted after the inhabitants were resettled. But in the late 1970s artisans began to come back to the area and over the years a group of young professionals and others spearheaded the restoration of the city. The Sassi district has gone through extensive re-development and hosts some incredible cave hotels, private homes and restaurants, lovingly restored to enhance their original features. Explore this complex and beautiful network of caves, churches, streets, stairways, archways and terraces on foot to best experience this atmospheric city.



Cuisine and gastronomy

Bari's cuisine is based on three typical agricultural products found within the surrounding region of Apulia, namely wheat, olive oil and wine. The local cuisine is also enriched by the wide variety of fruit and vegetables produced locally. Local flour is used in homemade bread and pasta production including, most notably, the famous *orecchiette, recchietelle* or *strascinate, chiancarelle* and *cavatelli*.

Homemade dough is also used for baked calzoni stuffed with onions, anchovies, capers and olives; fried panzerotti with mozzarella, simple focaccia alla barese with tomatoes, little savoury taralli, friselle and sgagliozze, fried slices of polenta, all make up the Bari culinary repertoire.

Vegetable *minestrone*, chick peas, broad beans, chicory, celery and fennel are also often served as first courses or side dishes.

Meat dishes and the local Barese ragù often include lamb and pork.

Pasta al forno, a baked pasta dish, is very popular in Bari and was historically a Sunday dish, or a dish used at the start of Lent when all the rich ingredients such as eggs and pork had to be used for religious reasons. The recipe commonly consists of penne or similar tubular pasta shapes, a tomato sauce, small beef and pork meatballs and halved hard-boiled eggs. The pasta is then topped with mozzarella or similar cheese and then baked in the oven to make the dish have its trademark crispy texture.

Fresh fish and seafood are often eaten raw. Octopus, sea urchins and mussels feature heavily. Perhaps Bari's most famous dish is the oven-baked patate, riso e cozze (potatoes with rice and mussels).

Bari and the whole Apulian region have a range of wines, including Primitivo, Castel del Monte, and Muscat, notably Moscato di Trani.











10th-12th June 2020 Helsinki, Finland

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCES
AND RELATED EVENTS





In collaboration with:

Helsinki University Hospital Comprehensive Cancer centre (UHS)

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OECI 2018 ONCOLOGY DAYS COORDINATING OFFICE

Claudio Lombardo - OECI Director Phone +32 2 512 01 46 oeci@oeci.eu - www.oeci.eu

Local Organising Secretariat and ECM Provider



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The participation is free - registration required at http://www.oeci.eu/Assembly.aspx